Snapch-UTT

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1. Introduction

The main objective of this project is to code an application which allows to create and manage student. Each student has personal characteristics: Name, Age, Years of study, Field of studies, City of residence, and Field of interest. The application allows student to follow each other according to their characteristic.

Our social network’s name is “Snapch’UTT”, and it has several features implemented:

* Snapch’UTT has a default implemented list of students.
* Create student and add it to the database.
* Change information about a student.
* Delete student from the database.
* Displays information about a specific student.
* Displays all student according to criteria: (age, field of studies…).
* Allow a specific student to follow others and displays his list of follower.
* Propose a list of followers for a student that matches with his information.

This report is divided in 5 part:

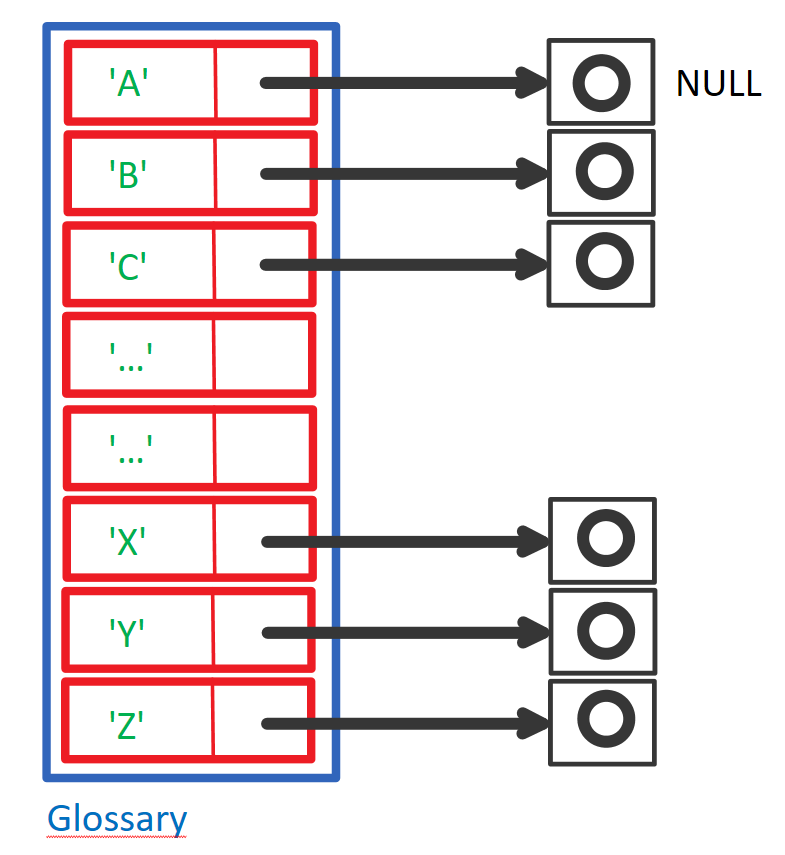
1. Description of the algorithm.
2. Project management: Organization, problem encounters and how resolve it.
3. How use Snapch’UTT?
4. Conclusion and perspective.
5. Appendix.
6. Description of the algorithm
7. Student and Glossary

The main structure used in this project is the structure: *struct Student.* A Student variable contain several members:

* *name* (Character array)
* *age* (Integer)
* *yearStudy* (Integer)
* *fieldStudy* (Character array)
* *cityResidence* (Character array)
* *interest* (Array of *struct FieldOfInterest*)
* *nextAlphaStudent* (Pointer on *struct Student*)
* *follower* (Pointer on *struct ListOfFollower*)

The 5 first members are easy to understand. Let us first present *nextAlphaStudent* and his utility with the *Glossary.*

To stock and manage all student in the database we choose to create a variable named *Glossary* which is an array of 26 *struct* *LineGlossary*. Each *LineGlossary* is composed by two members: A character (‘A’, ‘B’, ‘C’, …) and a pointer on *struct Student*. At the begin of the execution all these 26 pointers are NULL (a.).



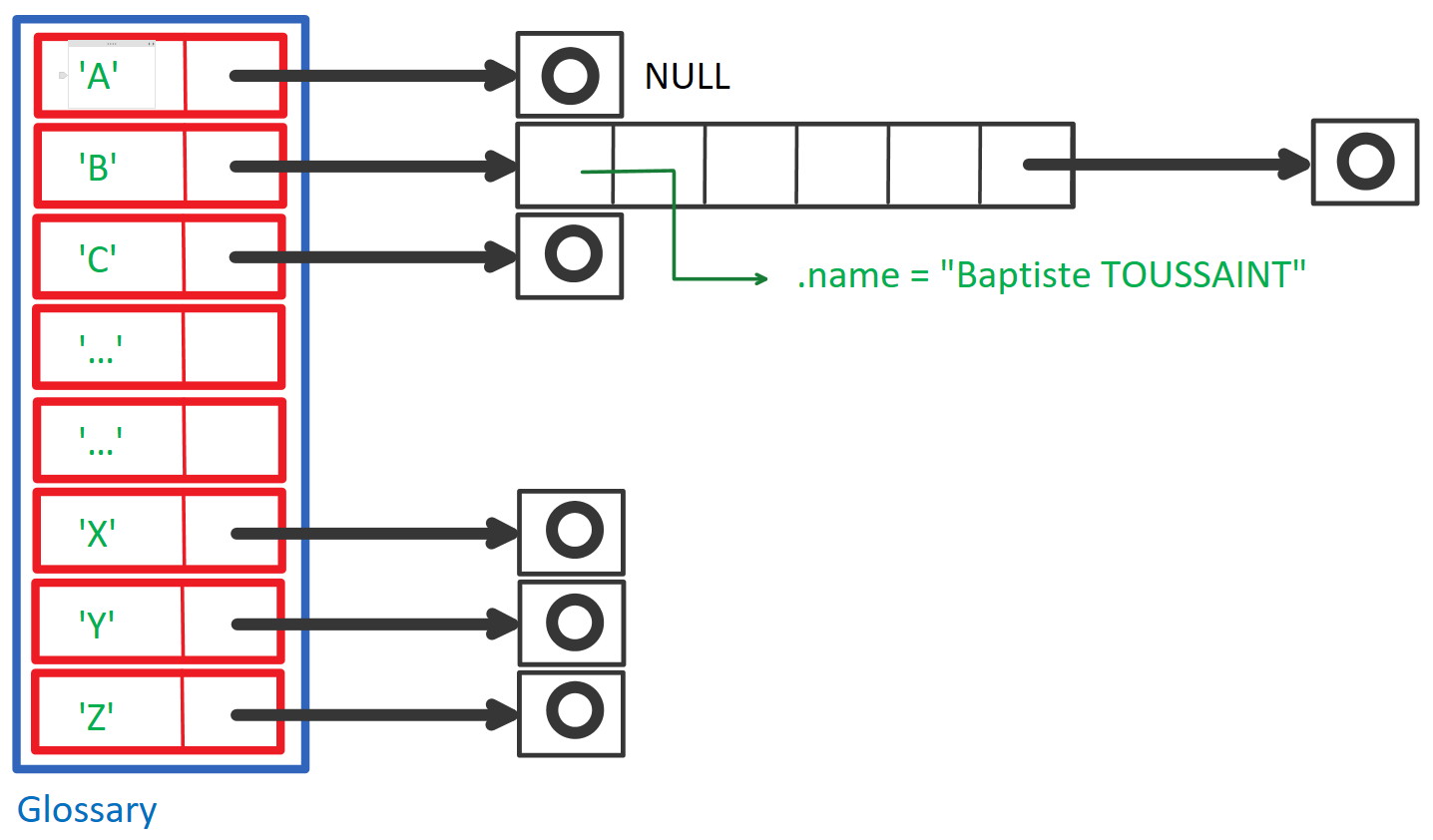
a. Empty Glossary

When we need to add a *struct Student* to the database, we use a function:

*int add\_student(Student \*stud)*.

We use a chained list to stock every student by alphabetic. And this function finds the position of the new student.

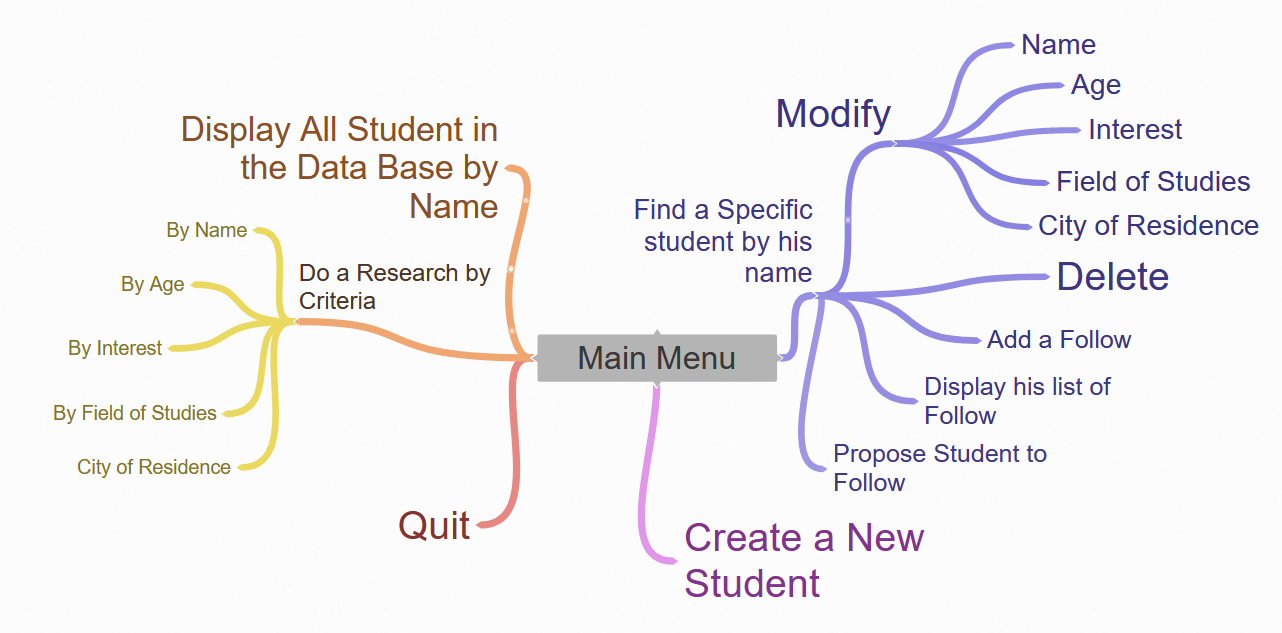
For example, if I want to add a student named Baptiste TOUSSAINT, the pointer of the second element of the *Glossary* will point on this new student (b.)



b. Initialized Glossary

1. Architecture

We choose to create Snapch’UTT according to a specific architecture (a).

According to this architecture (a) we choose to create a Main Menu and several sub-menus. Each menu is following the same principle : A *do()* loop in which a *switch()* condition

b. Features Tree